- Full Git Guide
- Install Git
  - Checking for Git
    - If you're on a Mac, look for a command prompt application called "Terminal".
    - If you're on a Windows machine, open the windows command prompt or "Git Bash".
  - Install Git Using GitHub Desktop
  - Install Git on Windows
    - 1. Navigate to the latest Git for Windows release and download the latest version.
    - 2. Once the installer has started, follow the instructions as provided in the Git Setup wizard screen until the installation is complete.
    - 3. Open the windows command prompt or Git Bash if you selected not to use the standard Git Windows Command Prompt during the Git installation).
    - 4. Type `git version` to verify Git was installed.
  - Install Git on Windows through Visual Studio Code
  - Install Git on Mac
    - Install Git from an Installer
      - 1. Navigate to the latest macOS os release and download the latest version.
      - 2. Once the installer has started, follow the instructions as provided until the installation is complete.
      - 3. Open the command prompt "terminal" and type `git version` to verify Git was installed.
    - Install Git from Homebrew
      - 1. Open up a terminal window and install Git using the following command: `brew install git`.
      - 2. Once the command output has been completed, you can verify the installation by typing `git version`.
  - Install Git on Linux
    - Debian/Ubuntu
      - 1. Git packages are available using `apt`.
      - 2. It's a good idea to make sure you're running the latest version. To do so, Navigate to your command prompt shell and run the following command to make sure everything is up-to-date: `sudo apt-get update`.
      - 3. To install Git, run the following command: `sudo apt-get install git-all`.
      - 4. Once the command output has been completed, you can verify the installation by typing `git version`.
    - Fedora
      - 1. Git packages are available using `dnf`.
      - 2. To install Git, navigate to your command prompt shell and run the following command: `sudo dnf install git-all`.
      - 3. Once the command output has been completed, you can verify the installation by typing `git version`.
  - Other Methods of Installing Git
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